बारतीय बन सेंवा परीक्षा								
••	7311	D-VSF-L-ZNA						
MATHEMATICS								
Paper I								
Time Al	lowed : Three Hours	Maximum Marks : 200						
INSTRUCTIONS								
Candidates should attempt Questions No. 1 and 5 which are compulsory, and any THREE of the remaining questions, selecting at least ONE question from each Section. All questions carry equal marks.								
Marks allotted to parts of a question are indicated against each.								
Answers must be written in ENGLISH only. Assume suitable data, if considered necessary, and indicate the same clearly.								
Un	less indicated otherwise, carry their usua							
	SECTION	I A						
1. Ans	wer any <i>four</i> of the follow	ng :						
(a)	Let V be the vector space the field of real numbers $W = \{A \in V \mid Trace A = subspace of V. Find a basof W.$	<b>B</b> . Let = 0}. Show that W is a						

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- (b) Find the linear transformation from R<sup>3</sup> into R<sup>3</sup> which has its range the subspace spanned by (1, 0, -1), (1, 2, 2).
- (c) Show that the function defined by

f(x, y) = 
$$\begin{cases} \frac{x^3 + y^3}{x - y}, & x \neq y \\ 0, & x = y \end{cases}$$

is discontinuous at the origin but possesses partial derivatives  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  thereat. 10

(d) Let the function f be defined by

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{for } t < 0 \\ t, & \text{for } 0 \le t \le 1 \\ 4, & \text{for } t > 1. \end{cases}$$

- (i) Determine the function  $F(x) = \int_{0}^{x} f(t) dt$ .
- (ii) Where is F non-differentiable ? Justify your answer. 10
- (e) A variable plane is at a constant distance p from the origin and meets the axes at A, B, C. Prove that the locus of the centroid of the tetrahedron

OABC is 
$$\frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{1}{y^2} + \frac{1}{z^2} = \frac{16}{p^2}$$
. 10

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[Contd.]

2. (a) Let 
$$V = \{(x, y, z, u) \in \mathbb{R}^{4} : y + z + u = 0\}$$
,  
 $W = \{(x, y, z, u) \in \mathbb{R}^{4} : x + y = 0, z = 2u\}$   
be two subspaces of  $\mathbb{R}^{4}$ . Find bases for V, W,  
 $V + W$  and  $V \cap W$ . 10  
(b) Find the characteristic polynomial of the matrix  

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
and hence compute  $A^{10}$ . 10  
(c) Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3^{*} & 3 \\ 0 & -5 & 6 \\ 0 & -3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$   
Find an invertible matrix P such that  $P^{-1}AP$  is a diagonal matrix. 10  
(d) Find an orthogonal transformation to reduce the quadratic form  $5x^{2} + 2y^{2} + 4xy$  to a canonical form. 10  
3. (a) Show that the equation  $3^{x} + 4^{x} = 5^{x}$  has exactly one root. 8  
(b) Test for convergence the integral  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \sqrt{x e^{-x}} dx$ . 8  
(c) Show that the area of the surface of the sphere  $x^{2} + y^{2} + z^{2} = a^{2}$  cut off by  $x^{2} + y^{2} = ax$  is  $2(\pi - 2)a^{2}$ . 12  
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## SECTION B

5. Answer any *four* of the following :

- (a) Find the family of curves whose tangents form an angle  $\pi/4$  with hyperbolas xy = c. 10
- (b) Solve :

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 2\tan x \frac{dy}{dx} + 5y = \sec x \cdot e^x.$$

- (c) The apses of a satellite of the Earth are at distances  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  from the centre of the Earth. Find the velocities at the apses in terms of  $r_1$  and  $r_2$ .
- (d) A cable of length 160 meters and weighing 2 kg per meter is suspended from two points in the same horizontal plane. The tension at the points of support is 200 kg. Show that the span of the

cable is 120 
$$\cosh^{-1}\left(rac{5}{3}
ight)$$
 and also find the sag.

 $\oint_{C} (\sin x \, dx + y^2 dy - dz), \text{ where } C \text{ is the circle}$   $x^2 + y^2 = 16, z = 3, \text{ by using Stokes' theorem.} \qquad 10$ (a) Solve :  $p^2 + 2 \text{ py cot } x = y^2,$ where  $p = \frac{dy}{dx}.$ (b) Solve :  $10 \text{ for } x = y^2 + 2 \text{ point } x = y^2,$ 

 $\{x^{4}D^{4} + 6x^{3}D^{3} + 9x^{2}D^{2} + 3xD + 1\}y = (1 + \log x)^{2},$ where  $D \equiv \frac{d}{dx}$ . 15

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(c) Solve:  

$$(D^4 + D^2 + 1)y = ax^2 + be^{-x} \sin 2x$$
,  
where  $D \equiv \frac{d}{dx}$ .

7. (a) One end of a uniform rod AB, of length 2a and  
weight W, is attached by a frictionless joint to a  
smooth wall and the other end B is smoothly  
hinged to an equal rod BC. The middle points of  
the rods are connected by an elastic cord of  
natural length a and modulus of elasticity 4W.  
Prove that the system can rest in equilibrium in  
a vertical plane with C in contact with the  
wall below A, and the angle between the rod is  
$$2 \sin^{-1} \left(\frac{3}{4}\right)$$
.

(b) AB is a uniform rod, of length 8a, which can turn freely about the end A, which is fixed. C is a smooth ring, whose weight is twice that of the rod, which can slide on the rod, and is attached by a string CD to a point D in the same horizontal plane as the point A. If AD and CD are each of length a, fix the position of the ring and the tension of the string when the system is in equilibrium.

Show also that the action on the rod at the fixed end A is a horizontal force equal to  $\sqrt{3}$  W, where W is the weight of the rod.

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[Contd.]

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(c) A stream is rushing from a boiler through a conical pipe, the diameter of the ends of which are D and d; if V and v be the corresponding velocities of the stream and if the motion is supposed to be that of the divergence from the vertex of cone, prove that

$$\frac{v}{V} = \frac{D^2}{d^2} e^{\left(v^2 - V^2\right)/2K}$$

where K is the pressure divided by the density and supposed constant. 13

8. (a) Find the curvature, torsion and the relation between the arc length S and parameter u for the curve :

$$\vec{r} = \vec{r}(u) = 2 \log_e u \hat{i} + 4u \hat{j} + (2u^2 + 1) \hat{k}$$
 10

(b) Prove the vector identity :

$$\operatorname{curl}\left(\overrightarrow{f} \times \overrightarrow{g}\right) = \overrightarrow{f} \quad \operatorname{div} \quad \overrightarrow{g} - \overrightarrow{g} \quad \operatorname{div} \quad \overrightarrow{f} + (\overrightarrow{g} \cdot \nabla) \overrightarrow{f} - (\overrightarrow{f} \cdot \nabla) \overrightarrow{g}$$
  
and verify it for the vectors  $\overrightarrow{f} = x \, \widehat{i} + z \, \widehat{j} + y \, \widehat{k}$   
and  $\overrightarrow{g} = y \, \widehat{i} + z \, \widehat{k}$ . 10

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(c) Verify Green's theorem in the plane for

$$\oint_{C} [(3x^2 - 8y^2)dx + (4y - 6xy)dy],$$

where C is the boundary of the region enclosed by the curves  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and  $y = x^2$ .

(d) The position vector  $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{r}}$  of a particle of mass 2 units at any time t, referred to fixed origin and axes, is

$$\vec{r} = (t^2 - 2t)\hat{i} + (\frac{1}{2}t^2 + 1)\hat{j} + \frac{1}{2}t^2\hat{k}.$$

At time t = 1, find its kinetic energy, angular momentum, time rate of change of angular momentum and the moment of the resultant force, acting at the particle, about the origin.

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MATHEMATICS Paper—II					
	INSTRUCT	IONS			
whic	h are compulsory, and	g at least ONE question			
	All questions carry	equal marks.			
The 1	number of marks carri question is indicated				
An	swers must be written	in ENGLISH only.			
Assume	e suitable data, if cons indicate the sam	sidered necessary, and 1e clearly.			
Symbo	ls and notations have unless indicated	their usual meanings, otherwise.			
	Section-	-A			
	Section-				
<b>1</b> . Ans	wer any <i>four</i> parts fr	om the following :			
<b>1.</b> Ans (a)		and x and y be any G. If $y^5 = e$ and how that $O(x) = 31$ ,			

(b) Let Q be the set of all rational numbers. Show that

$$Q(\sqrt{2}) = \{a + b\sqrt{2} : a, b \in Q\}$$

is a field under the usual addition and multiplication. 10

(c) Determine whether

$$f(x) = 2x \sin \frac{1}{x} - \cos \frac{1}{x}$$

is Riemann-integrable on [0, 1] and justify your answer. 10

(d) Expand the function

$$f(z) = \frac{2z^2 + 11z}{(z+1)(z+4)}$$

in a Laurent's series valid for 2 < |z| < 3. 10

(e) Write the dual of the linear programming problem (LPP) :

Minimize  $Z = 18x_1 + 9x_2 + 10x_3$ subject to

$$x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 \ge 30$$
  

$$2x_1 + x_2 \ge 15$$
  

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

Solve the dual graphically. Hence obtain the minimum objective function value of the above LPP.

2. (a) Let G be the group of non-zero complex numbers under multiplication, and let N be the set of complex numbers of absolute value 1. Show that G / N is isomorphic to the group of all positive real numbers under multiplication.

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(b) Let the function f be defined by

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$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2^{t}}, \text{ when } \frac{1}{2^{t+1}} < x \le \frac{1}{2^{t}}$$
$$(t = 0, 1, 2, 3, ...)$$
$$f(0) = 0$$

Is f integrable on [0, 1]? If f is integrable, then evaluate  $\int_0^1 f \, dx$ . 13

- Sketch the image of the infinite strip (c) 1 < y < 2under the transformation  $w=\frac{1}{-}$ . 14
- 3. (a) Examine the convergence of

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{dx}{(1+x)\sqrt{x}}$$

and evaluate, if possible.

- (b) Let G be a group of order 2p, p prime. Show that either G is cyclic or G is generated by  $\{a, b\}$  with relations  $a^{p} = e = b^{2}$  and  $bab = a^{-1}$ . 13
- Reduce the feasible solution  $x_1 = 2$ , (c)  $x_2 = 1$ ,  $x_3 = 1$  for the linear programming problem

Maximize  $Z = x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3$ 

subject to

$$x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 4$$
  

$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 6$$
  

$$x_1, x_2, x_3 \ge 0$$

to a basic feasible solution.

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4. (a) Evaluate

$$\iint \sqrt{4x^2 - y^2} \, dx \, dy$$

over the triangle formed by the straight lines y = 0, x = 1, y = x. 13

(b) State Cauchy's residue theorem. Using it, evaluate the integral

$$\int_C \frac{e^{z/2}}{(z+2)(z^2-4)} dz$$

counterclockwise around the circle C: |z+1| = 4. 13

(c) A steel company has three open-hearth furnaces and four rolling mills. Transportation costs (rupees per quintal) for shipping steel from furnaces to rolling mills are given in the following table :

	<i>M</i> <sub>1</sub>	<i>M</i> <sub>2</sub>	M <sub>3</sub>	M <sub>4</sub>	<i>Supply</i> (quintals)
$F_{l}$	29	40	60	20	7
$F_2$	80	40	50	70	10
F <sub>3</sub>	50	18	80	30	18
Demand (quintals)	4	8	8	15	_

Find the optimal shipping schedule. 14

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## Section-B

- 5. Answer any four parts from the following :
  - (a) Reduce the equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + 2\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

to its canonical form and solve. 10

(b) For the data

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 x
 :
 0
 1
 2
 5

 f(x)
 :
 2
 3
 12
 147

 find the cubic function of x.
 10

(c) Solve by Gauss-Jacobi method of iteration the equations

$$27x + 6y - z = 85$$
  
 $6x + 15y + 2z = 72$   
 $x + y + 54z = 110$ 

(correct to two decimal places) 10

- (d) Find the Lagrangian for a simple pendulum and obtain the equation describing its motion. 10
- (e) With usual notations, show that  $\phi$  and  $\psi$  for a uniform flow past a stationary cylinder are given by

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$$\phi = U\cos\theta\left(r + \frac{a^2}{r}\right)$$
$$\psi = U\sin\theta\left(r - \frac{a^2}{r}\right)$$
10

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6. (a) A uniform string of length l is held fixed between the points x = 0 and x = l. The two points of trisection are pulled aside through a distance ε on opposite sides of the equilibrium position and is released from rest at time t = 0. Find the displacement of the string at any latter time t > 0. What is the displacement of the string at the midpoint?

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 (b) Draw a flow chart to declare the results for the following examination system : 12
 60 candidates take the examination.
 Each candidate writes one major and two minor papers.

A candidate is declared to have passed in the examination if he/she gets a minimum of 40 in all the three papers separately and an average of 50 in all the three papers put together.

Remaining candidates fail in the examination with an exemption in major if they obtain 60 and above and exemption in each minor if they obtain 50 and more in that minor.

(c) Find the smallest positive root of the equation  $x^3 - 6x + 4 = 0$  correct to four decimal places using Newton-Raphson method. From this root, determine the positive square root of 3 correct to four decimal places.

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7. (a) For a steady Poiseuille flow through a tube of uniform circular cross-section, show that

$$w(R) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\frac{p}{\mu}\right) (a^2 - R^2)$$
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(b) Find the complementary function and particular integral of the equation

$$\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} - \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = x - y$$
 12

(c) The velocity of a particle at time t is as follows :

t (seconds) : 0 2 4 6 8 10 12 v (m/sec) : 4 6 16 36 60 94 136 Find its displacement at the 12th

second and acceleration at the 2nd second.

- 8. (a) From a uniform sphere of radius a, a spherical sector of vertical angle 2α is removed. Find the moment of inertia of the remainder mass M about the axis of symmetry.
  - (b) Draw a flow chart to solve a quadratic equation with non-zero coefficients. The roots be classified as real distinct, real repeated and complex.

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(c) Is

$$\vec{q} = \frac{k^2 (x\hat{j} - y\hat{i})}{x^2 + y^2}$$

a possible velocity vector of an incompressible fluid motion? If so, find the stream function and velocity potential of the motion. 14

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